## Abstract

HIV / AIDS cases occurring in Indonesia, especially in Jakarta continues to increase, until the year 2008 cumulative cases of HIV / AIDS there were 2,781 cases. Australia as Indonesia's neighbors, to assist the government of Indonesia, especially Jakarta in handling cases of HIV / AIDS through the Australia-Indonesia cooperation Pertnership for HIV / AIDS (AIPH) in 2008-2015 with AusAID appointed as the agency directly responsible to the Australian government, and appoint KPAP as the main implementers of the program. Cooperation Australia and Jakarta HIV Cooperation program run through the Partnership for Indonesia (HCPI). Based on these issues, the problem is formulated as follows: "How do Australia and Indonesia cooperative efforts in combating HIV / AIDS in Jakarta in 2008-2013?" As a reference to the problem of research, the use of the theory that foreign aid is a transfer of money, technology, or technical advice from donor to recipient countries. This research is qualitative research that applies data collection and analysis methods that are nonquantitative, and is intended for exploration of social relationships, and describe social reality experienced by respondents. The resulting principal argument is that the effort is realized through the cooperation of technical assistance in the form of funding by AusAID to the government of Jakarta, as well as aid in the form of various programs AIPH.