

ABSTRACT

This study aims to know how a discourse was produced in the news was reported by Republika online on assault Az-Zikra community issues led by Ustad Arifin Ilham. This attack was conducted by some people who were expected coming from the Syiah on Februari, 12th to 25th 2015. The method used is a Critical discourse Analysis of the van Leeuwen model that researches how an actor in a news discourse by using exclusion and inclusion level. In Exclusion level, there are some elements to observe the existence of actors, and how to remove the actors from a news discourse. Then in Inclusion level, there are some elements to observe how an actor is presented and mentioned in a news discourse. This Research samples consist of eight news concerning assault of Az-Zikra community on February 12nd to 13rd 2015. The news's title chosen by theme, there are assault and response after the case. The results show Republika *online* constructed two discourses, there were violence and conflict between Sunni and Syiah. In constructing violence discourse, Republika online linked violence and thuggery. It caused in several news there were identification, categorization and differentiation elements that presented and identified assault and thug. In discourse of conflict between Sunni and Syiah, there were abstraction, assimilation and determination elements. These elements caused unspecific, generalization and public opinion, so representation each actors who involved in that discourse suspected as Sunni and Syiah. Republika online was incomplete in its function as informers. It caused in news text of Republika *online*, there was passivation element in exclusion level that cause person behind the installation of refusal to Syiah banner is unknown. Whereas the information need to be known by the public.

Keywords: Critical discourse analysis, mass media, news and Syiah