

## ABSTRACT

Foreign relations United States with Cuba ending in 1961, and Barack Obama as a president United States change foreign policy with Cuba. This phenomenon is interesting to be studied and discussed. This study discusses the efforts of the United States in the resumption of foreign relations with Cuba (2009-2014). To discussing this thesis can be used the concept of foreign policy from Carlton Clymer Rodee and the concept of national interest from Jack C. Plano and Olton Roy. Foreign policy of Carlton Clymer Rodee said "Means or strategy, is widely used to achieve foreign policy objectives, can be classified into six, that is Political Legal, Economic-Financial, Military, Propaganda, Ideology, Tactics Revolutionaries." The national interests of Jack C. Plano and Olton Roy said "The national interest is as a set of ideas and objectives or requirements set by the decision-makers who have to run into real action by a country for the benefit of the country. In that context and part of the component is in the form of maintenance of way of life, freedom from interference by other parties, the territorial integrity, military power and economic prosperity."

In this thesis using methodology a qualitative descriptive method which requires research through the study of literature. In this study, the books and documents about the opinions, theories, arguments, or laws and others related to the research problem. In qualitative research, the primary study data collection for the reference as data is written in this thesis. Results of the study were obtained from a reply of the problems is the effort made by the United States in the resumption of foreign relations with Cuba (2009-2014) carried out during the leadership of president Barack Obama with a strategy of political and economic.

Based on the results of hypothesis testing in this study, it can be concluded that the efforts from politics and economics is the dominant efforts to re-open the United States foreign relations with Cuba. Political efforts were first made to establish diplomatic relations with the negotiations conducted in Canada and in the Vatican as well as the rebuilding plan embassies. Both the exchange of political prisoners. While the economic effort by facilitating financial transactions, import-export activities, and the expansion of travel to Cuba.