ABSTRACT

Partnership and Cooperation Agreement (PCA) between Indonesia and the European Union (EU) was signed on 09 November 2009 by the Minister of Foreign Affairs and Minister of Foreign Affairs of Sweden (as the EU presidency). The structure of this agreement consists of 7 chapters and 50 Articles that cover cooperation in various fields of human rights and democracy. This study aims to determine the role of the Partnership and Cooperation Agreement to promote the values of democracy and human rights (2007-2014).

This study uses descriptive qualitative research method, which is a type of research that is used to describe the phenomenon descriptively. Collecting data in this study using literature study techniques that use data sources from literature, journals, articles, magazines, newspapers, and Internet sites.

The results showed that: first, the PCA has the role of developing sustainable dialogue on Human Rights (HAM) and democracy. The issues of human rights and democracy in Indonesia has always been a matter of discussion in the annual dialogue, but the conversation is more focused on issues of human rights and democracy in Indonesia. PCA is a basis for cooperation to control the enforcement of human rights and democracy through the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) in cooperation with NGOs and non-governmental organizations or government agencies in upholding human rights and democracy. Secondly, the EU and Indonesia Cooperation within the framework of PCA have implications on human rights and law enforcement lasted more constructive.

Keywords: PCA, Human Rights and Democracy.