

LANDSLIDE RISK ANALYSIS OF NATURAL DISASTERS IN THE SAND VILLAGE DISTRICT DISTRICT FATHER KEBUMEN CENTRAL JAVA

Problems are often caused by natural disasters landslide increasingly complex, given the population growth from year to year has increased which led to the narrowness of the land in urban settlements so as to encourage the development of people into the village to the hills. Residential development in hilly areas become a public option because of the extent of land and lack of awareness about the spatial land threatening danger, such as landslides. Given the problems of disaster mitigation is necessary to be done as an important effort in disaster management, because this activity is an activity before and after the disaster that is intended to anticipate that the impact can be reduced.

In the data collection techniques will be used to obtain primary data and secondary data, the research conducted through several stages. Broadly speaking, the stages of the research can be grouped into five stages, namely: (1) the preparation phase, (2) fieldwork phase, (3) data analysis phase, (4) the evaluation phase (5) stage of the writing and preparation of reports.

Based on the results obtained from the risk of landslides in the study area has a level that is low risk. Engineering management of disaster-prone areas in the study area with vegetative

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