

## ABSTRAK

Kematian anak merupakan salah satu isu anak yang memberikan banyak perhatian masyarakat internasional. Salah satunya adalah negara India dengan penyumbang kematian anak terbesar di dunia karena faktor budaya yang telah lama ada di tengah-tengah masyarakat India. Faktor budaya tersebut antara lain sistem kasta, budaya patriarki, dan *dowry system* (sistem mas kawin). Isu kematian anak yang banyak terjadi di India menjadi perhatian organisasi internasional, salah satunya adalah *United Nations Children's Fund* (UNICEF). UNICEF merupakan organisasi internasional di bawah naungan Perserikatan Bangsa-Bangsa (PBB) yang diberikan mandat untuk menangani masalah anak dengan visi utama yaitu mengadvokasi perlindungan hak-hak anak untuk membantu memenuhi kebutuhan tanpa adanya diskriminasi ras, agama, dan negara, terutama di negara-negara kurang berkembang dalam berbagai situasi darurat.

Skripsi ini bertujuan untuk melihat bagaimana peran *United Nations Children's Fund* (UNICEF) dalam mengatasi kasus kematian anak di India pada tahun 2013-2017. Hasil penelitian dalam skripsi ini menunjukkan bahwa UNICEF melakukan perannya melalui program *Country Programme Action Plan* 2013-2017, yaitu dalam bidang kesehatan, pemberian nutrisi, sanitasi, dan advokasi.

**Kata Kunci :** UNICEF, Kematian Anak, Sistem Kasta, Budaya Patriarki, *Dowry System*.

**THE ROLE OF UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND (UNICEF) IN  
DEALING CASES OF CHILD MORTALITY  
IN INDIA ON 2013-2017**

**ABSTRACT**

Child mortality is one of so many children's issues that gives international community a lot of concerns. One of those issues, India is the largest contributor of child mortality in the world because of cultural factors that have long existed in the midst of Indian society. The cultural factors include the caste system, patriarchal culture, and the dowry system. The issue of child mortality that often occurs in India has become concern of international organizations, one of them is the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF is an international organizations under the auspices of the United Nations (UN) which has been given the mandate to address the problem of children with the main vision of advocating the protection of children's rights to help meet needs without racial, religious and state discrimination, especially in countries less developed in various emergency situations.

This thesis aims to see how the role of the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) in dealing cases of child mortality in India on 2013-2017. The results of this thesis show that UNICEF carried out its role through the Country Programme Action Plan 2013-2017 in the fields of health, nutrition, sanitation, and advocacy.

***Keyword :*** UNICEF, Child Mortality, Caste System, Patriarchal Culture, Dowry System.