

**RESOLUSI KONFLIK ANTARA PETERNAK AYAM DAN WARGA  
SEKITAR DI DESA PAKUJATI, KECAMATAN PAGUYANGAN,  
KABUPATEN BREBES**

**(Studi Kasus Konflik Antara Peternak Ayam dan Warga Sekitar)**

Oleh : Adi Nurrohman

Dibimbing Oleh : Nanik Dara Senjawati, dan Siti Hamidah

**ABSTRAK**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk (1) Mengkaji konflik antara peternak dan warga sekitar, (2) Mengidentifikasi resolusi konflik antara peternak dan warga sekitar di Desa Pakujati Kecamatan Paguyangan Kabupaten Brebes. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian kualitatif dengan pendekatan studi kasus. Teknik penentuan informan yaitu *purposive sampling*, informannya adalah ketua RW Dusun Karanggandul, peternak, dan warga sekitar peternakan. Teknik pengumpulan data dengan wawancara, observasi, dan dokumentasi. Teknik analisis data yaitu data reduksi, penyajian data, dan penarikan kesimpulan. Hasil penelitian yaitu 1) Warga sekitar peternakan menganggap adanya peternakan ayam di Desa Pakujati yang berdekatan dengan pemukiman dapat mengganggu kesehatan dan aktifitas warga karena bau dan limbah yang ditimbulkan dari peternakan ayam, sehingga warga sekitar melakukan protes terhadap peternakan tersebut. 2) Konflik antara peternak ayam dan warga sekitar dapat diselesaikan dengan jalan musyawarah serta dibantu Ketua RW sebagai pihak ketiga dan sebagai arbiter.

**Kata Kunci:** Peternak Ayam, dan Resolusi Konflik

**A RESOLUTION OF THE CONFLICT BETWEEN CHICKEN BREEDER  
AND RESIDENTS IN PAKUJATI VILLAGE, PAGUYANGAN DISTRICT,  
BREBES REGENCY  
(A Conflict Case Study Between Chicken Farmers and Neighborhood  
Residents)**

By : Adi Nurrohman  
Supervised by : Nanik Dara Senjawati and Siti Hamidah

**ABSTRACT**

This research aims to (1) analyze the conflicts between the breeders and local residents, (2) identify the resolution of the conflict between the breeders and local residents in Pakujati Village, Paguyangan District, Brebes Regency. This research is a qualitative study with a case study approach. The technique of determining informants is purposive sampling. The informants are the heads of the Village Residents Association, Karanggandul, breeders, and residents around the farm. The techniques for collecting data are interview, observation, and documentation. The data analysis techniques are data reduction, data presentation, and conclusion. This research shows that 1) the residents around the farm consider the existence of chicken farms in Pakujati Village, which are close to settlements, can influence the health and activities of residents due to the smell and waste generated from chicken farms, so that the local residents protest against the farm. 2) the conflicts between chicken breeders and local residents can be resolved by having a deliberation and assisted by the heads of the Village Residents Association as a third party and as an arbitrator.

**Keywords :** Chicken Breeders, and Conflict Resolution